



FRIEDRICH-ALEXANDER
UNIVERSITÄT
ERLANGEN-NÜRNBERG
FACULTY OF ENGINEERING



ERNW
providing security.



ERNW
RESEARCH
pursuing knowledge.

Linux Memory Forensics: Expanding Rekall Userland Investigation

Johannes Stadlinger^{*}, Frank Block^{*†}, Andreas Dewald^{*‡}

^{*}Friedrich-Alexander-University Erlangen-Nürnberg (FAU), Erlangen, Germany

[†]ERNW GmbH, Heidelberg, Germany

[‡]ERNW Research GmbH, Heidelberg, Germany

May 8, 2018



Agenda

Motivation

Background

Goals

Analysis and Plugins

Evaluation

Conclusion



FRIEDRICH-ALEXANDER
UNIVERSITÄT
ERLANGEN-NÜRNBERG
FACULTY OF ENGINEERING



ERNW
providing security.



ERNW
RESEARCH
pursuing knowledge.

Motivation



Motivation

- Importance and relevance of Memory Forensics is growing [2], [5].
- Most of the previous publications were focusing on kernel specific data (e.g., network connections, running processes, etc.).
- Such information are extractable by known tools like *Rekall* or *Volatility*.
- Only a few approaches handling the userspace.
- **However:**
The Userspace has not yet received that much attention.
It also may include data that might be of forensic interest – especially the *Heap*:
 - Command History
 - Hostnames
 - Username, Passwords
 - ...



FRIEDRICH-ALEXANDER
UNIVERSITÄT
ERLANGEN-NÜRNBERG
FACULTY OF ENGINEERING



ERNW
providing security.



ERNW
RESEARCH
pursuing knowledge.

Background



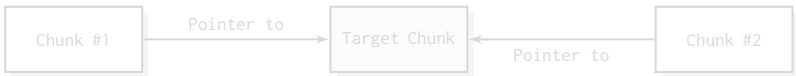
Background – Former approaches

- RAM as big bulk of data → *Pattern-Search Techniques*
e.g., bash- oder cmdscan-Plugin von Rekall [7], [8]
- More advanced: Isolate special heap-chunks of certain processes.
e.g., Volatility-Plugin focusing on Notepad by Ligh et. al. [4]
- Cohen [1]:
 - Target: Windows
 - New approach: Knowledge about inner heap structures → New perspectives
 - Applied in Plugins (Volatility): z.B. DNS Client Resolver.
- Block and Dewald [3]:
 - Target: Linux and glibc
 - Analysis of internal structure
 - Development of several Plugins for Rekall (*HeapAnalysis*).

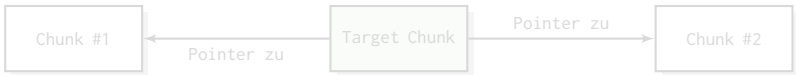
⇒ **Basis of our work**

Background – HeapAnalysis-Plugins [3]

- **heapinfo**: Returns statistics about all available chunks.
- **heapdump**: Dumps all chunks into separate files on the local system.
- **heapsearch**: Searches all chunks for strings, pointers, or regex-expression. It is also possible to provide specific addresses of chunks:

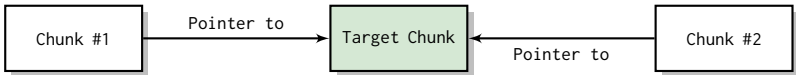


- **heaprefs**: Returns all chunks the current chunk contains a reference to:

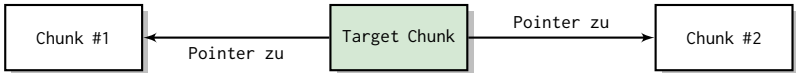


Background – HeapAnalysis-Plugins [3]

- **heapinfo**: Returns statistics about all available chunks.
- **heapdump**: Dumps all chunks into separate files on the local system.
- **heapsearch**: Searches all chunks for strings, pointers, or regex-expression. It is also possible to provide specific addresses of chunks:



- **heaprefs**: Returns all chunks the current chunk contains a reference to:





FRIEDRICH-ALEXANDER
UNIVERSITÄT
ERLANGEN-NÜRNBERG
FACULTY OF ENGINEERING



ERNW
providing security.



ERNW
RESEARCH
pursuing knowledge.

Goals



Goals

- Focus on Linux Userspace applications.
- Show that the heap indeed contains information of forensic interest (e.g., credentials, history, etc.).
- The examiners should be able to extract information from certain applications without any deeper knowledge about their inner structures.
- Apply and continue the work of Frank Block.

Goals – Concrete

Analyse:

- *What* data is available?
- *How* is it structured??
- *Where* is it stored inside the heap?

Afterwards: *Implementation and Deployment* of several plugins for the Rekall Framework on the basis of the HeapAnalysis-class.

The following application were analyzed:

- cUrl
- sshfs
- gnome-keyring-d
- sqlite
- seahorse
- pwsafe
- ssh
- owncloud

Goals – Concrete

Analyse:

- *What* data is available?
- *How* is it structured??
- *Where* is it stored inside the heap?

Afterwards: *Implementation and Deployment* of several plugins for the Rekall Framework on the basis of the HeapAnalysis-class.

The following application were analyzed:

- | | |
|-------------------|------------|
| • cUrl | • sshfs |
| • gnome-keyring-d | • sqlite |
| • seahorse | • pwsafe |
| • ssh | • owncloud |



FRIEDRICH-ALEXANDER
UNIVERSITÄT
ERLANGEN-NÜRNBERG
FACULTY OF ENGINEERING



ERNW
providing security.



ERNW
RESEARCH
pursuing knowledge.

Analysis and Plugins



Analysis and Plugins

Approach for each application

1. Detection: "chunks of interest"
 - heapsearch: string, regex
 - heapdump
 - strings
2. Adjacence of the chunk/structure
 - heapsearch: chunk_addresses
 - heapprefs: chunk_addresses
3. Detection of patterns/starting points
4. Implementation

Plugin 1: curl

Desired data

- Username
- Password

Existing data

- Username
- Password
- filename of output
- URL

pid	url	output	user	password
1068	https://pool.c0nf.de/curl/2Gb.dat	outputdummy.file	mem_user	mem_password

Plugin 1: curl

Desired data

- Username
- Password

Existing data

- Username
- Password
- filename of output
- URL

pid	url	output	user	password
1068	https://pool.c0nf.de/curl/2Gb.dat	outputdummy.file	mem_user	mem_password

Plugin 2: gnome_keyring

Desired data

- Master-Password
- Single password entries

Existing data

- Meta-information about keyrings
- Name of each password entry
- SSH private keys

```

pid      entry      name      type      value
-----
Recovered name of keyrings with the numbers of entries it contains
-----
989      1      nebenring      Keyring      Entries in total: 3
989      2      newring      Keyring      Entries in total: 20
989      3      hauptring      Keyring      Entries in total: 6
-----
Recovered name of keyring entries
-----
989      1      entryentryentryentry-1      Stored Note      Number in keyring: 1
989      2      entryentryentryentry-2      Stored Note      Number in keyring: 2
989      3      entryentryentryentry-3      Stored Note      Number in keyring: 3
-----
Recovered Private SSH keys (ASCII armored)
-----
1002      1      t.b.d      Private SSH key      -----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
...

```

Plugin 2: gnome_keyring

Desired data

- Master-Password
- Single password entries

Existing data

- Meta-information about keyrings
- Name of each password entry
- SSH private keys

```

pid      entry      name      type      value
-----
Recovered name of keyrings with the numbers of entries it contains
-----
989      1      nebenring      Keyring      Entries in total: 3
989      2      newring      Keyring      Entries in total: 20
989      3      hauptring      Keyring      Entries in total: 6
-----
Recovered name of keyring entries
-----
989      1      entryentryentryentry-1      Stored Note      Number in keyring: 1
989      2      entryentryentryentry-2      Stored Note      Number in keyring: 2
989      3      entryentryentryentry-3      Stored Note      Number in keyring: 3
-----
Recovered Private SSH keys (ASCII armored)
-----
1002      1      t.b.d      Private SSH key      -----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
...
  
```

Plugin 3: seahorse

Desired data

- Master-Password
- Single password entries

Existing data

- Name of each password entry
(*Stored Notes*)
- PGP Key details
 - Mail
 - Name
 - Note
 - SHA-1 Fingerprints
- SSH Key details
 - Fingerprint
 - Name
 - File paths
 - Public Key

Plugin 3: seahorse

Desired data

- Master-Password
- Single password entries

Existing data

- Name of each password entry (*Stored Notes*)
- PGP Key details
 - Mail
 - Name
 - Note
 - SHA-1 Fingerprints
- SSH Key details
 - Fingerprint
 - Name
 - File paths
 - Public Key

Plugin 3: seahorse

```

entry          name          type          content
-----
Name of password entries
-----
  1      github          Stored Note
[...]
  6      pwentry-5         Stored Note
-----
PGP keys
-----
  1      hans.w@exam.com
  1.1          Mail          hans.w@exam.com
  1.2          Name          Hans Wurst
  1.3          Note          test
  1.4          Priv-SHA       3089E99B1599C2E894485B01231C331E48E854F6
  1.5          Pub-SHA       66DD35661FE1695B92F5BBFD2DB18518A1A1F61F
-----
SSH keys
-----
  1      test@test.com
  1.1          Fingerprint   b1:fd:2b:9b:62:ba:f7:ec:44:a6:c2:20:b2:85:fa:58
  1.2          Name          test@test.com
  1.3          Path Private  /home/user/.ssh/id_rsa
  1.4          Path Public   /home/user/.ssh/id_rsa.pub
  1.5          Public Key    ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAADAQABAAQDcmCvR7Rrq
...

```

Plugin 4: ssh

Desired data

- Username, Password
- Key(-fragments)
- Command History

Existing data

- Username, Hostname
- IP-Addresses

pid	username	source	hostname	destination
1074	mem_test	10.0.2.15	c0nf.de	188.68.50.8

Plugin 4: ssh

Desired data

- Username, Password
- Key(-fragments)
- Command History

Existing data

- Username, Hostname
- IP-Addresses

pid	username	source	hostname	destination
1074	mem_test	10.0.2.15	c0nf.de	188.68.50.8

Plugin 5: sshfs

Desired data

- Username, Password
- Filelist

Existing data

- Filelist (partial)
- Username, Hostname
- folderpath of the server and clients (partial)

pid	entry	name	username	hostname	folder_server	folder_local
1112	1	/	mem_test	c0nf.de	/home/mem_test	/home/user/tmp
1112	2	/.ssh	mem_test	c0nf.de	/home/mem_test	/home/user/tmp
1112	3	/.ssh	mem_test	c0nf.de	/home/mem_test	/home/user/tmp
1112	4	/.aptitude	mem_test	c0nf.de	/home/mem_test	/home/user/tmp
1112	5	/.bash_history	mem_test	c0nf.de	/home/mem_test	/home/user/tmp
...						
1112	28	/git.pub	mem_test	c0nf.de	/home/mem_test	/home/user/tmp
1112	29	/hereuare.txt	mem_test	c0nf.de	/home/mem_test	/home/user/tmp
1112	30	/letsencrypt	mem_test	c0nf.de	/home/mem_test	/home/user/tmp
1112	31	/owntmp	mem_test	c0nf.de	/home/mem_test	/home/user/tmp
1112	32	/owntmp/...	mem_test	c0nf.de	/home/mem_test	/home/user/tmp
1112	33	/owntmp/...	mem_test	c0nf.de	/home/mem_test	/home/user/tmp

Plugin 5: sshfs

Desired data

- Username, Password
- Filelist

Existing data

- Filelist (partial)
- Username, Hostname
- folderpath of the server and clients (partial)

pid	entry	name	username	hostname	folder_server	folder_local
1112	1	/	mem_test	c0nf.de	/home/mem_test	/home/user/tmp
1112	2	./	mem_test	c0nf.de	/home/mem_test	/home/user/tmp
1112	3	../	mem_test	c0nf.de	/home/mem_test	/home/user/tmp
1112	4	/.aptitude	mem_test	c0nf.de	/home/mem_test	/home/user/tmp
1112	5	/.bash_history	mem_test	c0nf.de	/home/mem_test	/home/user/tmp
...						
1112	28	/git.pub	mem_test	c0nf.de	/home/mem_test	/home/user/tmp
1112	29	/hereuare.txt	mem_test	c0nf.de	/home/mem_test	/home/user/tmp
1112	30	/letsencrypt	mem_test	c0nf.de	/home/mem_test	/home/user/tmp
1112	31	/owntp	mem_test	c0nf.de	/home/mem_test	/home/user/tmp
1112	32	/owntp/.	mem_test	c0nf.de	/home/mem_test	/home/user/tmp
1112	33	/owntp/..	mem_test	c0nf.de	/home/mem_test	/home/user/tmp

Plugin 6: pwsafe

Desired data

- Master-Password
- Username
- Password
- Title

Existing data

- Username
- Password (!)
- Title
- Group

```
entry      group      title      username    password
-----
Task: pwsafe (1198)
[...]
```

entry	group	title	username	password
14	Personal	Facebook Copy # 9	hans.wurst	ananas
15	School	MyCampus	hansw	password123
[...]				
42	School	MyUni Copy # 9	unishort	secret123

Plugin 6: pwsafe

Desired data

- Master-Password
- Username
- Password
- Title

Existing data

- Username
- Password (!)
- Title
- Group

```

entry      group      title      username    password
-----
Task: pwsafe (1198)
-----
[...]
14  Personal  Facebook Copy # 9  hans.wurst  ananas
15  School    MyCampus           hansw       password123
[...]
42  School    MyUni Copy # 9    unishort    secret123

```

Plugin 7: sqlite

Desired data

- Command History

Existing data

- Command History
- For each table
Complete scheme

```

pid      entry      time                command
-----
1262     1      2017-08-29 10:16:09Z  quit
1262     2      2017-08-29 10:16:09Z  ;
1262     3      2017-08-29 10:16:09Z  q
1262     4      2017-08-29 10:16:09Z  ;
1262     5      2017-08-29 10:16:13Z  .help
1262     6      2017-08-29 10:19:42Z  .tables

-----
Extracted Tables:
-----
Table 1: djcelery_workerstate
-----
1      id      integer
2      hostname  varchar(255)
3      last_heartbeat  datetime
[...]
```

Plugin 7: sqlite

Desired data

- Command History

Existing data

- Command History
- For each table
Complete scheme

```

pid      entry      time                command
-----
1262     1          2017-08-29 10:16:09Z  quit
1262     2          2017-08-29 10:16:09Z  ;
1262     3          2017-08-29 10:16:09Z  q
1262     4          2017-08-29 10:16:09Z  ;
1262     5          2017-08-29 10:16:13Z  .help
1262     6          2017-08-29 10:19:42Z  .tables
  
```

 Extracted Tables:

Table 1: djcelery_workerstate

1	id	integer
2	hostname	varchar(255)
3	last_heartbeat	datetime

[...]

Plugin 8: owncloud

Desired data

- Username, Password
- Hostname

Existing data

- Username and Password
- Hostname
- Sync-Protocols
 - Timestamp, Filename
 - Folder, Action

```

entry           time           file           folder         action
-----
Hostname: https://cloud.c0nf.de
Username: mem_test
Password: mem_password
-----
1    2017-07-16 19:44:28  ownCloud Manual.pdf  ownCloud  Downloaded
2    2017-07-16 19:44:25  Documents/Example.odt  ownCloud  Downloaded
3    2017-07-16 19:44:25  Photos/Squirrel.jpg    ownCloud  Downloaded
4    2017-07-16 19:44:25  Photos/San Francisco.jpg  ownCloud  Downloaded
5    2017-07-16 19:44:25  Photos/Paris.jpg       ownCloud  Downloaded
6    2017-07-16 19:44:24  Documents               ownCloud  Downloaded
7    2017-07-16 19:44:24  Photos                  ownCloud  Downloaded

```

Plugin 8: owncloud

Desired data

- Username, Password
- Hostname

Existing data

- Username and Password
- Hostname
- Sync-Protocols
 - Timestamp, Filename
 - Folder, Action

```

entry           time           file           folder         action
-----
-----
Hostname: https://cloud.c0nf.de
Username: mem_test
Password: mem_password
-----
1      2017-07-16 19:44:28  ownCloud Manual.pdf      ownCloud      Downloaded
2      2017-07-16 19:44:25  Documents/Example.odt    ownCloud      Downloaded
3      2017-07-16 19:44:25  Photos/Squirrel.jpg      ownCloud      Downloaded
4      2017-07-16 19:44:25  Photos/San Francisco.jpg  ownCloud      Downloaded
5      2017-07-16 19:44:25  Photos/Paris.jpg         ownCloud      Downloaded
6      2017-07-16 19:44:24  Documents                 ownCloud      Downloaded
7      2017-07-16 19:44:24  Photos                   ownCloud      Downloaded
  
```

Plugin 8: owncloud – Structure

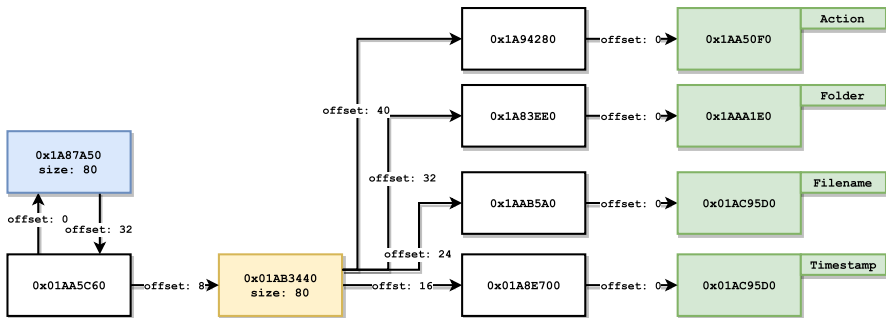


Figure: OwnCloud: Structure to receive one entry of the sync-protocol.



FRIEDRICH-ALEXANDER
UNIVERSITÄT
ERLANGEN-NÜRNBERG
FACULTY OF ENGINEERING



ERNW
providing security.



ERNW
RESEARCH
pursuing knowledge.

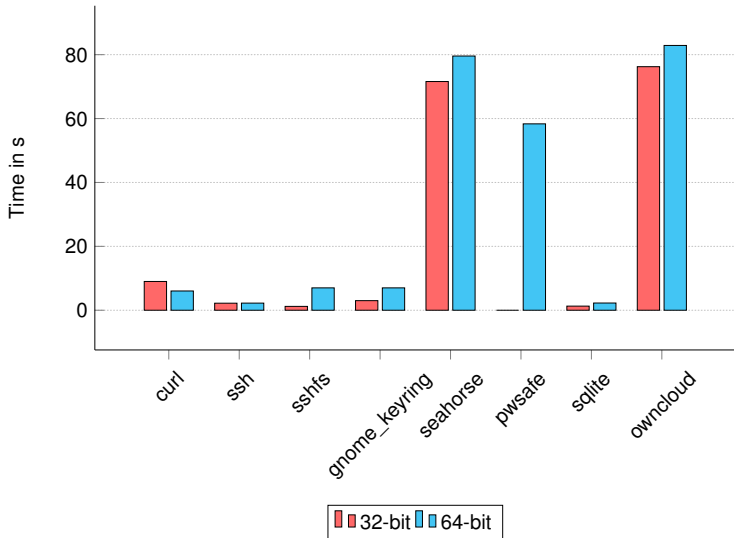
Evaluation



Evaluation

- Test environment:
 - Debian "stretch" 32 bit, Kernel Version 4.9.30-2+deb2u5
 - ArchLinux 64 bit, Kernel Version 4.4-66
 - glibc-version: 2.24 and 2.25 (2.27: started)
- Simulate certain user actions for all applications (including special cases)
- Check the results for correctness and completeness.

Evaluation – Performance





FRIEDRICH-ALEXANDER
UNIVERSITÄT
ERLANGEN-NÜRNBERG
FACULTY OF ENGINEERING



ERNW
providing security.



ERNW
RESEARCH
pursuing knowledge.

Conclusion



Conclusion

- A lot of information could be found in the heap that is of forensic interest.
- The work of Block and Dewald could be utilized for further application.
- The developed Tools support the forensic examiners to extract data from the heap.
- Plugins support 32- and 64-bit.
- Expandable for further versions.

Conclusion

Limitations

- Volume of the heap might differ from application to application (e.g., ssh vs. owncloud)
- Results of the password managers are very limited. Concrete passwords are hardly extractable.
- Different *versions* of the applications.
- *Performance* for graphical user interfaces.
- Missing connections between data (e.g., gnome_keyring: ssh-keys)

Future Work

- Pull-Request for the official Rekal Master-Branch (in progress)
- Improve existing plugins (Performance, versions, etc.).
- Focus on other applications: Analyse and Implementation of further plugins.

Thank you for your attention!
Questions? Feedback? Suggestions? Criticism?



FRIEDRICH-ALEXANDER
UNIVERSITÄT
ERLANGEN-NÜRNBERG
FACULTY OF ENGINEERING



ERNW
providing security.



ERNW
RESEARCH
pursuing knowledge.

Referenzen



Referenzen I

- [1] M. Cohen, “Forensic analysis of windows user space applications through heap allocations”, in *Computers and Communication (ISCC), 2015 IEEE Symposium on*, IEEE, 2015, pp. 237–244.
- [2] A. Aljaedi, D. Lindskog, P. Zavorsky, R. Ruhl, and F. Almari, “Comparative analysis of volatile memory forensics: Live response vs. memory imaging”, in *Privacy, Security, Risk and Trust (PASSAT) and 2011 IEEE Third International Conference on Social Computing (SocialCom), 2011 IEEE Third International Conference on*, IEEE, 2011, pp. 1253–1258.
- [3] F. Block and A. Dewald, “Linux memory forensics: Dissecting the user space process heap”, Friedrich-Alexander-Universität Erlangen-Nürnberg, Dept. of Computer Science, Tech. Rep. CS-2017-02, Apr. 2017.
- [4] M. H. Ligh, A. Case, J. Levy, and A. Walters, *The art of memory forensics: detecting malware and threats in windows, linux, and Mac memory*. John Wiley & Sons, 2014.

Referenzen II

- [5] E. Casey, *Digital evidence and computer crime: Forensic science, computers, and the internet*. Academic press, 2011.
- [6] G. Inc., *Rekall memory forensic framework*, <http://www.rekall-forensic.com/>, [Online; accessed 16-May-2017].
- [7] —, *Rekall: Scan the bash process for history*. [Online; accessed 16-May-2017]. [Online]. Available: <http://www.rekall-forensic.com/docs/Manual/Plugins/Linux/#bash>.
- [8] —, *Rekall: Extract command history*, [Online; accessed 16-May-2017]. [Online]. Available: <http://www.rekall-forensic.com/docs/Manual/Plugins/Windows/#cmdscan>.
- [9] F. S. Foundation, *The gnu c library*, [Online; accessed 16-May-2017]. [Online]. Available: <https://www.gnu.org/software/libc/>.
- [10] T. V. Foundation, *Volatility*, <http://www.volatilityfoundation.org/>, [Online; accessed 16-May-2017].

Referenzen III

- [11] J. N. Ferguson, “Understanding the heap by breaking it”, *black Hat USA*, pp. 1–39, 2007.
- [12] F. Adelstein, “Live forensics: Diagnosing your system without killing it first”, *Communications of the ACM*, vol. 49, no. 2, pp. 63–66, 2006.
- [13] S. L. Garfinkel, “Digital forensics research: The next 10 years”, *digital investigation*, vol. 7, S64–S73, 2010.
- [14] A. Case, L. Marziale, C. Neckar, and G. G. Richard, “Treasure and tragedy in kmem_cache mining for live forensics investigation”, *Digital Investigation*, vol. 7, S41–S47, 2010.